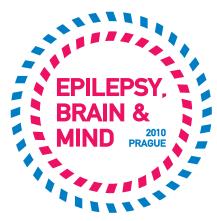


International Congress on Epilepsy, Brain and Mind

Prague, Czech Republic, Congress Centre U Hájků March 18–20, 2010





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CONGRESS PROGRAMME

THURSDAY MARCH 18, 2010

08:30-08:50	OPENING CEREMONY Chairmen: Amos KORCZYN (Israel), Ivan REKTOR (Czech Republic), Jan Hadač (Czech Republic)	Hall 1
	Art and anilonal PLENARY 1	Hall 1
	Art and epilepsy – PLENARY 1 Chairman Frederick ANDERMANN (Canada) Jaroma FNGEL (USA)	паш
00 00 00 20	Chairmen: Frederick ANDERMANN (Canada), Jerome ENGEL (USA) VIEWING EPILEPSY THROUGH ART	
09:00-09:20		
00.00.00.70	Steven C. SCHACHTER (USA)	
09:20-09:40	MUSICOGENIC EPILEPSY – FROM SOUND TO SEIZURE	
10.00 10.20	Peter W. KAPLAN (USA) EPILEPSY AND CHOREA ONSTAGE: FROM CHARCOT'S TUESDAY LECTURES TO SHARITS, MARCALO, AND PLATEL'S PL	AV
10:00-10:20		_A1
	WITH THE INVOLUNTARY AND TABOO	
10.20, 10.70	Kelina GOTMAN (UK) THE SOUL IN THE BRAIN – LESSONS FROM EPILEPSY	
10:20-10:40	Michael TRIMBLE (UK)	
10:40-10:50	Discussion	
10:50-11:10	Coffee Break	
10:30-11:10	Collee Di eak	
	Epilepsy, depression and AEDs – PARAL 1	Hall 1
	Chairmen: Elinor BEN-MENACHEM (Sweden), Robert KUBA (Czech Republic)	ridit i
11:10-11:30	EPILEPSY AND DEPRESSION: A BIOLOGICAL LINK?	
11.10 11.50	Philippe RYVLIN (France)	
11:30-11:50	DO AEDS CONTRIBUTE TO DEPRESSIVE SYMPTOMS AND SUICIDAL IDEATION IN PEOPLE WITH EPILEPSY?	
	Marco MULA (Italy)	
11:50-12:10	POSITIVE EFFECTS OF AEDs ON MOOD: IMPLICATIONS FOR DRUG SELECTION IN PATIENTS WITH EPILEPSY	
	Andres KANNER (USA)	
12:10-12:30	PREDICTING EFFECTS OF ANTIEPILEPTICS ON MOOD: CLUES FROM KNOWLEDGE ABOUT MECHANISMS OF ACTION	
	Edoardo SPINA (Italy)	
12:30-12:40	Discussion	
12:40-14:00	Lunch	
	Epilepsy and developmental processes – PARAL 2	Hall 2
	Chairmen: Frank BESAG (UK), Gus BAKER (UK)	
11:10–11:30	EPILEPSY AND BRAIN/MIND DEVELOPMENT	
	Vladimír KOMÁREK (Czech Republic)	
11:30–11:50	EXPERIMENTAL EPILEPTIC ENCEPHALOPATHIES	
	Pavel MAREŠ (Czech Republic)	
11:50–12:10		
40.40.40.00	Ulrich STEPHANI (Germany)	
12:10–12:30	TREATMENT STRATEGY OF EPILEPTIC ENCEPHALOPATHIES	
10.00 10.70	Lieven LAGAE (Belgium)	
12:30-12:40	Discussion Lunch	
12:40-14:00	Lunch	
	Emotion recognition and social cognition in epilepsy patients – PARAL 3	Hall 1
	Chairmen: Andres KANNER (USA), Milan BRÁZDIL (Czech Republic)	Tidtt 1
14:00-14:20	WHY DO PATIENTS WITH MEDIAL TEMPORAL LOBE EPILEPSY FAIL TO RECOGNIZE FACIAL EMOTIONS?	
	Stefano MELETTI (Italy)	
14:20-14:40	SOCIAL COGNITION IN PATIENTS WITH TEMPORAL LOBE EPILEPSIES	
	Hennric JOKEIT (Switzerland)	
14:40-15:00	POSTOPERATIVE CHANGES IN EMOTIONAL RECOGNITION AND SOCIAL COGNITION IN TLE PATIENTS	
	Petr MARUŠIČ (Czech Republic)	
15:00-15:20	PERI-ICTAL EMOTIONAL SYMPTOMS	
	Antonio GIL-NAGEL (Spain)	
15:20-15:40	EMOTIONAL BODY LANGUAGE AND EPILEPTIC SEIZURES	
	Christoph BAUMGARTNER (Austria)	
15:40-15:50	Discussion	
15:50-16:10	Coffee Break	



	Behavioural dysfunction and psychiatric co-morbidity – PARAL 4	Hall 2
	Chairmen: Dale HESDORFFER (USA), Vladimír DONÁTH (Slovak Republic)	
14:00-14:20	EPILEPSY CO-MORBIDITIES IN NURSING HOMES: FOCUS ON ALZHEIMER'S	
	Ilo LEPPIK (USA)	
14:20-14:40	SUICIDE IN EPILEPSY: HOW TO TREAT IT?	
	Andres M. KANNER (USA)	
14:40-15:00	SEXUAL FUNCTIONS AND DYSFUNCTIONS IN PATIENTS WITH EPILEPSY	
	Robert KUBA, Věra ZELENÁ (Czech Republic)	
15:00-15:20	SEIZURES AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE	
	John BRUST (USA)	
15:20-15:40	PLACEBO RESPONSES TO AEDs	
	Alla GUEKHT (Russia)	
15:40-15:50	Discussion	
15:50-16:10	Coffee Break	
	Higher cortial function in epilepsy – PLENARY 2	Hall 1
	Chairmen: Marco MULA (Italy), Steven C. SCHACHTER (USA)	
16:10-16:30	THE WADA TEST: LESSONS ON LANGUAGE DOMINANCE AND CHANGE OF CLINICAL INDICATION WITH IMPROVEMENTS	S
	IN THE DIAGNOSIS AND SURGICAL TREATMENT OF EPILEPSY	
	Christoph HELMSTAEDTER (Germany)	
16:30-16:50	EPILEPSY AND LANGUAGE: WHAT DO WE KNOW? WHAT DO WE WANT TO KNOW?	
	William D. GAILLARD (USA)	
16:50-17:10	THE SYNDROME OF TRANSIENT EPILEPTIC AMNESIA (TEA)	
	Adam ZEMAN (UK)	
17:10-17:30	EFFECT OF EPILEPSY ON SMELL AND TASTE	
	Marilyn JONES-GOTMAN (Canada)	
17:30-17:40	Discussion	



FRIDAY MARCH 19, 2010

TRIBATI	PIAROTT 17, 2010	
07:30-08:30	Guided poster session Chairmen: Georges CHAPOUTHIER (France), Evžen NEŠPOR (Czech Republic)	
	The cerebral basis of religiosity – the evidence from epilepsy – PLENARY 3	Hall 1
	Chairmen: Meir BIALER (Israel), Peter WOLF (Denmark)	riatt i
08:30-08:50	STRESS. EPILEPSY. AND MEDITATION	
55,55	Jerome ENGEL (USA)	
08:50-09:10	EPILEPSY AND RELIGIOUS EXPEREINCE – EPIDEMIOLOGICAL EVIDENCE	
	Dale HESDORFFER (USA)	
09:10-09:30	DEMONS IN THE BRAIN: EPILEPSY, POSSESSION, & LANGUAGE	
	Kelina GOTMAN (UK)	
09:30-09:50	EPILEPSY AND LITERATURE	
09:50-10:00	Peter WOLF (Denmark) Discussion	
10:00-10:00	Coffee Break	
10:00-10:20	Confee Di ear	
	The interaction of mind and epileptic activity in epilepsy – PARAL 5	Hall 1
	Chairmen: Christoph HELMSTAEDTER (Germany), Vladimír KOMÁREK (Czech Republic)	
10:20-10:40	PSYCHOLOGICAL TREATMENTS FOR EPILEPSY	
	Gus BAKER (UK)	
10:40-11:00	THE INFLUENCE OF A MODULATION OF PERIPHERIC SYMPATHETIC ACTIVITY ON EPILEPSY	
	Yoko NAGAI (UK)	
11:00-11:20	UNDERSTANDING OTHERS' MENTAL STATES AND EPILEPSY	
11:20-11:40	Anna Rita GIOVAGNOLI (Italy) COGNITIVE MODULATION OF THE ELECTROPHYSIOLOGICAL NONLINEAR DYNAMICS WITHIN THE HIPPOCAMPUS	
11:20-11:40	Klaus LEHNERTZ (Germany)	
11:40-12:00	NEUROFEEDBACK OF SLOW CORTICAL POTENTIALS AND ITS IMPACT ON ELECTROPHYSIOLOGICAL PROCESSES WITHI	N
	THE HIPPOCAMPUS	
	Navah FRITZ (Germany)	
12:00-12:10	Discussion	
12:10-13:30	Lunch / Poster Session (12:10–13:00)	
	land the little and the land of the land o	11-11-0
	Imaging higher cortical dysfunction in epilepsy – PARAL 6 Chairmen: Josef PARVIZI (USA), Petr MARUŠIČ (Czech Republic)	Hall 2
10:20-10:40	COGNITIVE IMPAIRMENT IN EPILEPSY: NEUROIMAGING DATA	
10.20 10.40	Bruce HERMANN (USA)	
10:40-11:00	PSYCHOSIS AND EPILEPSY: ARE THERE IMAGING CORRELATES?	
	Michael TRIMBLE (UK)	
11:00-11:20	IMAGING LANGUAGE AND MEMORY IN EPILEPSY	
	William GAILLARD (USA)	
11:20–11:40	IMAGING STUDIES OF DEPRESSION IN EPILEPSY	
11:40–12:00	William THEODORE (USA) WHAT WE CAN LEARN FROM DEPTH RECORDINGS ABOUT THE FUNCTIONAL ANATOMY OF THE HUMAN BRAIN	
11:40-12:00	Milan BRÁZDIL (Czech Republic)	
12:00-12:10	Discussion	
12:10-13:30	Lunch / Poster Session (12:10–13:00)	
	Neuromodulation in epilepsy, effects on depression and cognition – PARAL 7	Hall 1
	Neuromodulation in epilepsy, effects on depression and cognition – PARAL 7 Chairmen: Antonio GIL-NAGEL (Spain), Ilo LEPPIK (USA)	
13:30–13:50	BASIC MECHANISMS OF ANTIDEPRESSANT EFFECT OF BRAIN STIMULATION	
12 50 17 10	Robrecht RAEDT (Belgium)	EDCV
13:50–14:10	QUALITY OF LIFE AND THE ANTIDEPRESSANT EFFECTS OF VAGUS NERVE STIMULATION (VNS) IN PATIENTS WITH EPIL Elinor BEN-MENACHEM (Sweden)	LEPSY
14:10–14:30	DEEP BRAIN STIMULATION IN EPILEPSY – COGNITIVE ASPECTS	
	Ivan REKTOR (Czech Republic)	
14:30-14:50	Discussion	
14:50-15:00	Coffee Break	



		Consciousness – PARAL 8	Hall 2
		Chairmen: Marilyn JONES-GOTMAN (Canada), Alla GUEKHT (Russia)	
13	3:30-13:50	EPILEPSY AND CONSCIOUSNESS	
		Adam ZEMAN (UK)	
13	3:50-14:10	AWARENESS IN TLE	
		Josef PARVIZI (USA)	
14	4:10–14:30	NON CONVULSIVE STATUS EPILEPTICUS, CONSCIOUSNESS AND COMA	
		Eugen TRINKA (Austria)	
14	4:30–14:50	Discussion	
14	4:50–15:00	Coffee Break	
		Pfizer sponsored syposium	Hall 1
		Chairmen: Michael TRIMBLE (UK), Amos KORCZYN (Israel)	
15	5:00–15:20	EPIDEMIOLOGICAL ASPECTS	
		Dale HESDORFFER (USA)	
15	5:20–15:40	DEPRESSION AND ANXIETY FROM THE LABORATORY TO THE CLINIC	
		Andres KANNER (USA)	
15	5:40–16:00	SLEEP AND EPILEPSY	
		Carl BAZIL (USA)	
16	5:00-16:20	ANTIEPILEPTIC DRUGS AND ANXIOLYTICS	
		Terence J. O'BRIEN (Australia)	
16	5:20–16:30	Discussion	
		Epileptic and non-epileptic seizures: video session – PLENARY 4	
		Chairmen: Ivan REKTOR (Czech Republic), William THEODORE (USA)	Hall 1
16	3:30-18:10	FACULTY	
		William THEODORE (USA), Frederick ANDERMANN (Canada), Christoph BAUMGARTNER (Austria),	
		Milan BRÁZDIL (Czech Republic), Ivan REKTOR (Czech Republic)	



SATURDAY MARCH 20, 2010

07:30-08:30	Guided poster session	
	Drugs, epilepsy and the mind – PLENARY 5	Hall 1
	Chairmen: Christoph BAUMGARTNER (Austria), Eva ANDERMANN (Canada)	
08:30-08:50	MONITORING NEUROCOGNITIVE SIDE EFFECTS OF ANTIEPILEPTIC DRUGS	
	Christoph HELMSTAEDTER (Germany)	
08:50-09:10	COGNITIVE EFFECTS OF IN UTERO AED EXPOSURE	
	Gus BAKER (UK)	
09:10-09:30	COGNITIVE OUTCOMES IN SCHOOL-AGED CHILDREN OF EPILEPTIC WOMEN	
	Eva ANDERMANN (Canada)	
09:30-09:50	GENETIC BASIS OF BEHAVIORAL IMPACT OF AED TERATOGENESIS	
	Richard FINNELL (USA)	
09:50-10:10	NEUROPSYCHOLOGICAL AND BEHAVIOURAL EFFECTS OF AED	
	Frank BESAG (UK)	
10:10-10:30	DO NEW AND NEWLY DEVELOPED AEDs HAVE BETTER COGNITIVE PROFILE?	
	Meir BIALER (Israel)	
10:30-10:40	Discussion	
10:40-11:10	Coffee Break / Poster Session	
	Epilepsy as a complex system – PLENARY 6	Hall 1
	Chairmen: Eugen TRINKA (Austria), William D. GAILLARD (USA)	
11:10-11:30	EPILEPTIC AND NON EPILEPTIC HALLUCINATIONS: A NEW LOOK AT THE DIFFERENTIAL DIAGNOSIS	
	Frederick ANDERMANN (Canada)	
11:30–11:50	EPILEPTIC PROCESSES AS MOSAIC SYSTEMS	
	Georges CHAPOUTHIER (France)	
11:50-12:10	SEMIOLOGY OF MESIAL FRONTAL LOBE SEIZURES	
	Antonio GIL-NAGEL (Spain)	
12:10-12:30	BEHAVIORAL MANIFESTATIONS OF UNRECOGNIZED SEIZURES	
	Ilo LEPPIK (USA)	
12:30-12:50	DISINHIBITION: SOCIAL DARWINISM IN MODERN NEUROSCIENCES	
	Josef PARVIZI (USA)	
12:50-13:00	Discussion	
13:00–13:30	Closing plenary discussion: Do we need a congress about epilepsy, brain and mind?	
	Chairmen: Ivan REKTOR (Czech Republic), Amos KORCZYN (Israel)	



LIST OF POSTERS

FRIDAY MARCH 19, 2010

Consciousness

P1-1-1 ECSTATIC EPILEPTIC SEIZURES: A POTENTIAL WINDOW ON THE NEURAL BASIS FOR HUMAN SELF-AWARENESS F. Picard, A.D. Craig (Switzerland, USA)

Cognition	
P1-2-1	NEUROPSYCHOLOGICAL FUNCTIONING OF CHILDREN WITH EPILEPSY AND NON-EPILEPTIC SEIZURES
	L. Cvitanovic-Sojat, M. Crnkovic, B. Divcic, R. Gjergja Juraski (Croatia)
P1-2-2	INFLUENCE OF NMDA RECEPTOR AGONIST AND ANTAGONIST ON WIN55, 212-2 INDUCED STATE-DEPENDENT LEARNING
	IN THE DORSAL HIPPOCAMPUS OF RATS
	B. Ghorbanalizadeh-Khalifeh-Mahaleh, N. Jamali-Raeufy, M. Nasehi (Iran)
P1-2-3	INHIBITORY AVOIDANCE MEMORY DEFICIT INDUCED SCOPOLAMINE DEFICIT: INTERACTION WITH GLUTAMINERGIC SYSTEM
	IN THE NUCLUEUS ACCUMBENS
	M.R. Zarrindast, B. Pakpour, Sh. Ahmadi (Iran)
P1-2-4	THE PATHOPHYSIOLOGY ASSOCIATED WITH ACCELERATED LONG-TERM FORGETTING IN EPILEPSY
	Z. Fitzgerald, A. Mohamed, Z. Thayer, J. Batchelor, L. Miller (Australia)
P1-2-5	ARE THERE ANY CLINICAL AND EEG FEATURES ASSOCIATED WITH OCCURRENCE OF EXECUTIVE DYSFUNCTION IN PATIENTS
	WITH JME?
	E. Cvetkovska, I. Kuzmanovski, T. Vaskov, T. Cepreganova, D. Nikodijevik (Macedonia)
P1-2-6	TRANSIENT EPILEPTIC AMNESIA, AUTOBIOGRAPHICAL MEMORY AND THE SELF: A CASE STUDY
	N. A. Illman, C.J.A. Moulin, S. Kemp (UK)
P1-2-7	SUPERIOR TEMPORAL SULCUS AND DETECTION OF RARE EVENTS
	P. Haitová, M. Brázdil, R. Mareček, M. Mikl (Czech Republic)
P1-2-8	EFFICACY AND TOLERABILITY OF NEW VERSUS OLD AEDs IN ELDERLY PATIENTS WITH EPILEPSY
	D. Patrovalca Cuetkavalca D. Nilcadiisvili. N. Palmanaa Banava C. Badulavia Balcanavalca T. Canasanava Canasanka

- D. Petrovska-Cvetkovska, D. Nikodijevik, N. Dolnenec-Baneva, S. Radulovic-Bekarovska, T. Cepreganova-Cangovska, V. Aleksovski, G. Kuzmanovska (Macedonia)

 P1-2-9

 DISSOCIATION BETWEEN VISUO-PERCEPTUAL AND VISUO-SPATIAL CAPACITIES IN A CASE OF TEMPORAL LOBE EPILEPSY
- P2-2-10 THE IMPORTANCE OF PRESURGICAL LANGUAGE LOCALISATION IN A CASE OF RIGHT TEMPORAL LOBE EPILEPSY AS. Wendling, I. Wisniewski, A.M. Staack, B.J. Steinhoff (Germany)
- P2-2-11 IS TYPE OF CEREBRAL PALSY THE MAIN PREDICTOR OF COGNITIVE AND PSYCHOSOCIAL FUNCTIONNING?

 P. Ignjatovic, N. Jovic (Serbia)

I. Wisniewski, A.S. Wendling, S. Bilic, A.M. Staak, B.J. Steinhoff, L. Manning (Germany)

- P1-2-12 NEUROPSYCHOLOGICAL OUTCOME FOLLOWING FEBRILE CONVULSIONS IN TEMPORAL LOBE EPILEPSY PATIENTS –
 A PILOT STUDY
 - S. Nakić, S. Galić, S. Divošević, H. Hećimović (Croatia)
- P1-2-13 RIGHT NON-DOMINANT TEMPORAL LOBE EPILEPSY, WADA TEST AND COGNITIVE OUTCOME AFTER SURGERY S. Telecká, R. Kuba, M. Brázdil, I. Rektor (Czech Republic)
- P1-2-14 THE ROLE OF RIGHT AND LEFT TEMPORAL LOBE EPILEPSY ON VIRTUAL NAVIGATION: RERENCE AND WORKING MEMORY ASSESSMENT
 - R. Cánovas, J. Cimadevilla, I. León, L. Roldán-Tapia, P. Serrano (Spain)
- P1-2-15 THE POSTERIOR MEDIAL CORTEX IS INVOLVED IN VISUAL BUT NOT IN VERBAL MEMORY ENCODING PROCESSINS. INTRACEREBRAL RECORDING STUDY
 - K. Herůfková, P. Jurák, J. Chládek, J. Halámek, I. Rektor (Czech Republic)
- P1-2-16 COGNITIVE CHANGES IN PATIENTS AFTER STEREOTACTIC RADIOFREQUENCY AMYGDALOHIPPOCAMPECTOMY ONE YEAR FOLLOW-UP
 - L. Krámská, Z. Vojtěch, I. Marečková, T. Procházka, M. Kalina (Czech Republic)
- P1-2-17 WORKING MEMORY DEFICIT IN EPILEPTICS PACIENTS
 - L. Roldán-Tapia, R. Cánovas-López, I. León, J. Cimadevilla, P. Serrano (Spain)
- P1-2-18 VIRTUAL NAVIGATION BY EPILEPTIC PATIENTS UNDER TWO DIFFERENT SPATIAL CONDITIONS: USE OF ALLOCENTRIC VS EGOCENTRIC CUES

 J.M. Cimadevilla, R. Cánovas, P. Serrano, I. León, M.D. Roldán (Spain)
- P1-2-19 COGNITIVE PROCESS: A BUDDHIST EXPLANATION OF INFORMATION PROCESS AND ITS CONGRUENT REACTIONS

 Ven. Sreemat Swapan Kumar Barua (Thailand)
- P1-2-20 NEUROPSYCHOLOGICAL REHABILITATION IN PATIENTS WITH EPILEPSY SUBMITTED TO LEFT TEMPORAL MESIAL LOBECTOMY, COGNITION AND NEUROIMAGE ASPECTS: PRELIMINARY DATA

C.V.L. Geraldi, C. Souza-Oliveira, S. Escorsi-Rosset, A.C. Sakamoto (Brazil)



P1-2-21	SOCIAL COGNITION IN TEMPORAL LOBE EPILEPSY PATIENTS	
P1-2-22	J. Kotaskova, P. Marusic, B. Kajukova, A. Javurkova (Czech Republic) IMPACT OF NEUROFEEDBACK IN PATIENTS WITH EPILPSY	
P1-Z-ZZ	S. Bakhtadze, M. Janelidze, N. Khachapuridze (Georgia)	
P1-2-23	A NEW VIRTUAL REALITY TASK SHOWS SPATIAL MEMORY IMPAIRMENTS IN EPILEPSY	
1 1 2 20	I. León, L. Roldán-Tapia, R. Cánovas, J.M. Cimadevilla, P. Serrano (Spain)	
P1-2-24	WADA TEST AS A PREDICTOR OF POST SURGERY LEVEL OF MEMORY PERFORMANCE	
	A. Bala, A. Wnuk, A. Rysz, A. Marchel (Poland)	
P1-2-25	THE EVENT RELATED POTENTIAL P300 AND REACTION TIME IN EPILEPSY	
	V. Ivetic, V. Vasic, N. Naumovic, B. Bisevac (Serbia)	
Mood and per		
P1-3-1	FREQUENCY AND ASSOCIATED FACTORS FOR DEPRESSION IN PREGNANT WOMEN ATTENDING ANTENATAL CLINICS OF A TEACHING HOSPITAL	
	N.S. Ali, B.S. Ali, S.I. Azam, H.B. Hamza, S.S. Moin (Pakistan)	
P1-3-2	STRUGGLE WITH STIGMA IN IRANIAN EPILEPTICS PATIENTS	
	N. Hosseini, F. Sharif, F. Ahmadi, M. Zareh (Iran)	
P1-3-4	NIGHT SEIZURES, SLEEP, DAYTIME SLEEPINESS AND QUALITY OF LIFE	
	J. Slonkova, M. Bar (Czech Republic)	
P1-3-5	PSYCHOLOGICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF PATIENTS WITH PSYCHOGENIC NONEPILEPTIC SEAZURES AT MMPI-2	
	R. Kubikova, S. Telecka (Czech Republic)	
Cultural and s	spiritual aspects HOMICIDAL BEHAVIOR AND EPILEPTICS PATIENTS ADMITTED AT IBIN-AL-HAITHAM HIGH SECURE UNIT, AL-RASHAD	
P1-4-1	TEACHING MENTAL HOSPITAL. BAGHDAD	
	B, Naamah. S. Humaidi, J.K. Muslim (Iraq)	
P1-4-2	WORKING OF FREE EPILEPSY CLINIC IN THE COMMUNITY	
	A. Maqbool, K. Mufti, H.R. Chaudhry (Iran)	
P1-4-3	RELIGIOUS EXPERIENCES AS A PSYCHOTIC BACKGROUND OF AN EPILEPTIC FRONTO-LIMBIC DYSBALANCE	
	V.P. Samokhvalov, O. Samokhvalova (Ukraine, Germany))	
P1-4-4	INTRODUCING A VISUAL ART INTERVENTION MODEL FOR STRESS REDUCTION AND THE DEVELOPMENT OF COPING	
	MECHANISMS FOR CLIENTS WITH EPILEPSY	
P1-4-5	J.R. Botha (South Africa) EPILEPSY IN THE FRESCOE-PAINTING AND IN HOSPITAL OF THE SERBIAN MEDIEVAL MONASTERY DECHANI	
P1-4-5	N. Jovic (Serbia)	
P1-4-6	EPILEPSY IN SAINTS AND PROPHETS	
	S. Ilić-Tasić (Serbia)	
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	R. Krivokapić, M. Tošić, S. Ilić-Tasić, D. Ranđelović (Serbia)	
P-4-8	VAN GOGH AND EPILEPSY	
	T. Tošić, S. Ilić-Tasić, M. Tošić (Serbia)	
P1-4-9	POSTTRAUMATIC EPILEPSY IN AGATHA CHRISTIE'S DETECTIVE STORY	
P1-4-10	D. Vucinic, N. Jovic (Serbia) SPIRITUALITY AND QUALITY OF LIFE IN EPILEPSY	
P1-4-10	A.R. Giovagnoli, R.F. Meneses, F. Villani, A. Riva, J.L. Pais-Riberio, A. Martins da Silva (Italy, Portugal)	
P1-4-11	MISTLETOE FOR THERAPY OF EPILEPSY IN SERBIAN TRADITIONAL MEDICINE	
	M. Borkovic, J. Jancic, P. Ignjatovic, N. Jovic (Serbia)	
Developmental aspects		
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RESPONSE OF EPILEPTIC DROP ATTACKS TO THE 'FIXED' ASSOCIATION OF VALPROATE, LAMOTRIGINE AND A BENZODIAZEPINE

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Objective: This study intends to evaluate the efficacy of the association of valproate, lamotrigine and a benzodiazepine, aiming to control a type of epileptic seizures, the sudden fall seizures or drop attacks (DA).

Methods: We evaluated 28 patients with DA, which attended to the Epilepsy Ambulatory. Such patients were evaluated from the clinical point of view, of EEG and of MRI. All of them have passed through a drug adjustment period, where the drugs in use were reduced and taken off, as we slowly introduced the association of valproate, lamotrigine and a benzodiazepine (clobazam, clonazepam or nitrazepam). The visits were every three months, during the period of one year.

Results: 11 (39.3%) were adults, 20 (71.4%) from the male sex, with a medium time of epilepsy of 13 years. All the patients were dependents, due to changing in their neurological exam or important cognitive changing. 13 (46.4%) presented normal MRI exams and the alterations found in the others were Wernicke atrophy (1), cistic tumor of the third ventricle (1), double cortex bilateral (2), encephalomalacia (1), cortical diffuse atrophy (4), polimicrogiria (2), tuberous sclerosis (2), and cerebelar atrophy (2). In the EEG most of the patients (25) showed epileptic discharges, or generalized (19) or multifocal (6). 3 patients had normal EEG. There was an important decrease on the DA numbers. The initial average DA in the group was 124.4 a month and the final average, 15.8 a month (87.3% reduction), with a p<0,001 (Wilcoxon test). 54% of the patients were free of DA and 82% obtained a decrease of more than 50% in the number of DA. Only 2 patients didn't show any improvement. Aditionally, 20 patients were followed for 18 months and 11 patients, for 24 months. In consider the last appointment of each patient (8 with 12 months, 9 with 18 months and 11 with 24 months), 68% were free of DA, 18% showed 75% of improvement and 7% showed more than 50% of improvement. Only 7% had few than 50% of reduction of DA in relationship of baseline.

Conclusions: We saw that the association of these 3 drugs can be effective in the control of drop attacks in patients with generalized epilepsy. Literature presents few papers about the DA treatment, and none uses the association of these 3 drugs.

QUANTITATIVE ANALYSIS OF BACKGROUND EEG ACTIVITY IN THREE PROTOCOL DEPENDANT GROUPS OF EPILEPTIC PATIENTS

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Objective: The aim of this study is to perform quantitative analysis of background EEG activity in epileptic patients depending on the presence/absence of the treatment protocol and on the type of therapy administered.

Methods: Thirty three patients, selected over a period of 3 years (2006-2009) and diagnosed with epilepsy were divided in 3 equal groups. The first group of patients (7M/4F) were free from antiepileptic medications; The second group (4M/7F) were treated with Lamotrigine only, whereas the third group (3M/8F) received exclusively Carbamazepine. The EEG data was obtained under the same conditions and electrodes were applied according to International 10/20 system using standard bipolar montage. For each patient, 40 artefact-free baseline EEG epochs (4 seconds each during eyes closed) were selected for further analysis. The sampling rate was 256 Hz. Low-cut frequency was 0.53 Hz, whereas high-cut was 30 Hz.

Results: Visual analysis of the raw EEG data was performed before obtaining the results. The final quantitative assessment resulted in absolute and relative power spectrum values, calculated within 6 frequency bands: delta (1.50 - 3.99 Hz), theta (4.00 - 7.49 Hz), alpha (7.50 - 11.99 Hz), SMR (12.00 Hz - 14.99 Hz), beta1 (15 - 19.99 Hz) and beta2 (20.00 - 24.99 Hz) in 4 equivalent locations (Fp2-F8, Fp1-F7, P4-O2 and P3-O1). EEG spectral results were statistically evaluated by ANOVA which showed significant difference among the groups for the absolute power (mean values being 5.98 μ V, 6.44 μ V and 12.92 μ V for each group respectively) of the delta frequency band in Fp2-F8 location only (F=3.46 greater then F critical=3.35, p=0.05).

Conclusion: Quantitative analysis of background EEG activity in epilepsy is useful tool in discriminating specific groups of patients that are defined by the therapeutic protocol.